## **Datasheet**

Version: 7.0.0 Revision date: 15 Apr 2025



Human Anti-Aquaporin 4 Antibody (Anti-AQP4) ELISA Kit

Catalogue No.:abx585624

Human Anti-Aquaporin 4 Antibody (Anti-AQP4) ELISA Kit is an ELISA Kit for the in vitro quantitative measurement of Human Anti-Aquaporin 4 Antibody (Anti-AQP4) concentrations in Serum, plasma and other biological fluids.

Target: Anti-Aquaporin 4 Antibody (Anti-AQP4)

Research Area: Signal transduction, Metabolic pathway, Infection Immunity, Neuroscience

Reactivity: Human

Tested Applications: ELISA

Recommended dilutions: Optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.

Storage: Shipped at 4 °C. Upon receipt, store the kit according to the storage instruction in the kit's manual.

Validity: The validity for this kit is at least 6 months. Up to 12 months validity can be provided on request.

**Stability:** The stability of the kit is determined by the rate of activity loss. The loss rate is less than 5% within

the expiration date under appropriate storage conditions. To minimize performance fluctuations, operation procedures and lab conditions should be strictly controlled. It is also strongly suggested

that the whole assay is performed by the same user throughout.

**Test Range:** 1.56 ng/ml - 100 ng/ml

Sensitivity: < 0.65 ng/ml

**Detection Method:** Colorimetric

Assay Type: Competitive

Assay Data: Quantitative

**Sample Type:** Serum, plasma and other biological fluids.

Target Type: Antibody

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Note:

THIS PRODUCT IS FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES.

The range and sensitivity is subject to change. Please contact us for the latest product information. For accurate results, sample concentrations must be diluted to mid-range of the kit. If you require a specific range, please contact us in advance or write your request in your order comments. Please note that our kits are optimised for detection of native samples, rather than recombinant proteins. We are unable to guarantee detection of recombinant proteins, as they may have different sequences or tertiary structures to the native protein.



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